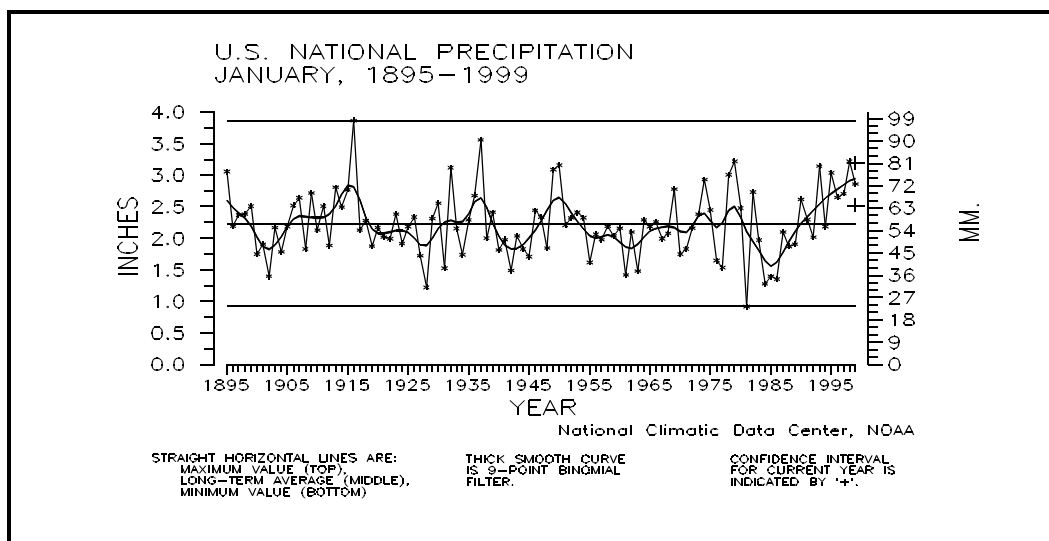
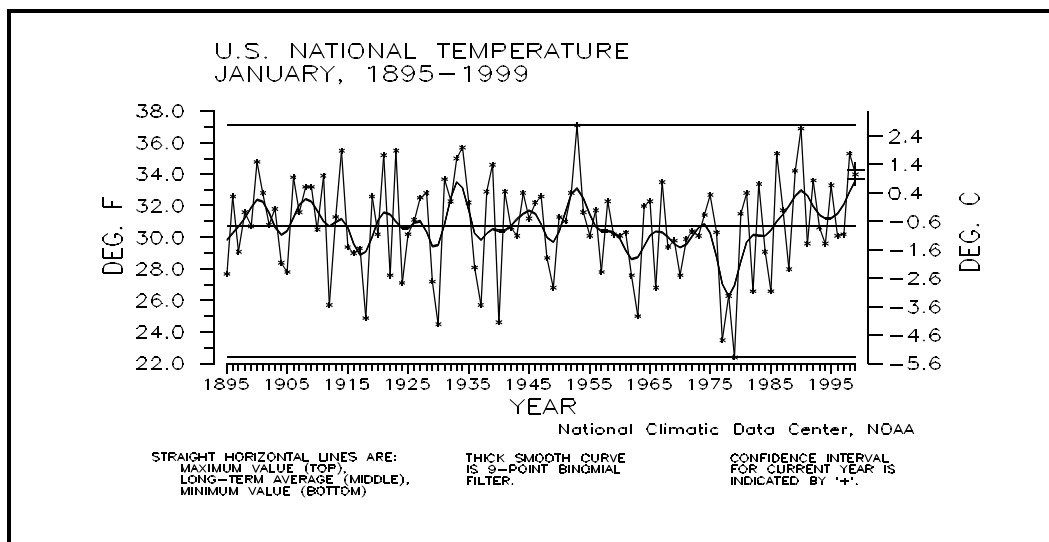


CLIMATE VARIATIONS BULLETIN



This CLIMATE VARIATIONS BULLETIN (CVB) is a preliminary report that puts current monthly climate anomalies into historical perspective using climate databases archived at the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC). It is issued on a monthly basis. Supplemental sections are included which address seasonal and annual perspectives, when appropriate.

Current data are based on preliminary reports from River Forecast Center stations and First and Second Order airport stations obtained from the National Weather Service (NWS) Climate Prediction Center. **THE CURRENT DATA SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION.** These preliminary data are useful for estimating how current anomalies compare to the historical record, however the actual values and rankings for the current year will change as the final data arrive at NCDC and are processed.

The following NCDC datasets are used for the historical data: the climate division drought database (TD-9640), and the hurricane datasets (TD-9636 and TD-9697). It should be noted that the climate division drought database consists of monthly data for 344 climate divisions in the contiguous United States. These divisional values are calculated from the 6000+ station Cooperative Observer network.

If you are a climate researcher and would like to order copies of the historical datasets used to make graphs of the type in this report, call 828-271-4994 or fax a letter to 828-271-4876 or mail a letter to the address given below, ATTN: Research User Services.

All other questions or requests for data should be made by calling 828-271-4800 or sending a fax to 828-271-4876 or by writing to:

National Climatic Data Center, NOAA
Federal Building
151 Patton Avenue, Room 120
Asheville, NC 28801-5001

If you use any of the information from this CVB, please identify "National Climatic Data Center, NOAA" as the source.

UNITED STATES JANUARY CLIMATE IN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE

William O. Brown
National Climatic Data Center, NOAA
Global Climate Lab
Federal Building
Asheville, NC 28801 USA

- Table 1. Regional and National Precipitation and Temperature Ranks for January 1999
- Table 2. Regional and National Extremes, 1961-1990 Normals, and 1999 Values for January
- Table 3. Statistics for Selected River Basins, January 1999
- Figure 1. U.S. National Temperature, January, 1895-1999
- Figure 2. U.S. National Precipitation, January, 1895-1999
- Figure 3. U.S. National Normalized Temperature Index, January, 1895-1999
- Figure 4. U.S. National Normalized Precipitation Index, January, 1895-1999
- Figure 5. U.S. Percent Area Dry and Wet, January 1995-January 1999
- Figure 6. Primary Hard Red Winter Wheat Belt Precipitation, October-January, 1895-1999
- Figure 7. Northeast Region Precipitation, January, 1895-1999
- Figure 8. Southwest Region Precipitation, January, 1895-1999
- Figure 9. Southwest Region Temperature, January, 1895-1999
- Figure 10. East-North Central Region Temperature, January, 1895-1999
- Figure 11A. January 1999 Statewide Temperature Ranks
- Figure 11B. January 1999 Statewide Precipitation Ranks
- Figure 12A. December 1998-January 1999 Statewide Temperature Ranks
- Figure 12B. December 1998-January 1999 Statewide Precipitation Ranks
- Figure 13. U.S. Number of Observed Tornadoes, January, 1953-1999

TABLE 1. PRECIPITATION AND TEMPERATURE RANKS, BASED
ON THE PERIOD 1895-1999. 1 = DRIEST/COLDEST,
105 = WETTEST/WARMEST FOR JANUARY 1999,
104 = WETTEST/WARMEST FOR DEC 1998-JAN 1999,
104 = WETTEST/WARMEST FOR AUG 1998-JAN 1999,
104 = WETTEST/WARMEST FOR FEB 1998-JAN 1999.

REGION	JAN 1999	DEC 1998- JAN 1999	AUG 1998- JAN 1999	FEB 1998- JAN 1999
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PRECIPITATION:				
NORTHEAST	103	72	16	79
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	87	55	58	79
CENTRAL	97	91	50	98
SOUTHEAST	90	74	61	76
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	74	75	100	98
SOUTH	90	74	98	51
SOUTHWEST	19	11	46	73
NORTHWEST	68	82	75	92
WEST	51	27	49	102
NATIONAL	93	72	78	97
TEMPERATURE:				
NORTHEAST	61	89	96	102
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	54	78	102	103
CENTRAL	65	79	100	101
SOUTHEAST	84	90	99	101
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	76	82	104	100
SOUTH	91	89	101	103
SOUTHWEST	96	89	97	88
NORTHWEST	94	76	101	100
WEST	88	65	81	32
NATIONAL	93	97	104	104

TABLE 2. EXTREMES, 1961-90 NORMALS, AND 1999 VALUES FOR JANUARY. IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT THE 1999 VALUES WILL CHANGE WHEN THE FINAL DATA ARE PROCESSED.

REGION	PRECIPITATION (INCHES)					
	DRIEST		WETTEST		NORMAL	1999
	VALUE	YEAR	VALUE	YEAR	PCPN	PCPN
NORTHEAST	.87	1981	7.22	1979	2.84	5.27
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	.32	1961	2.47	1916	1.11	1.62
CENTRAL	.72	1981	9.61	1937	2.52	5.02
SOUTHEAST	.92	1927	7.73	1936	4.13	5.48
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	.16	1961	1.25	1949	.61	.74
SOUTH	.53	1914	5.34	1932	2.09	3.19
SOUTHWEST	.20	1924	3.00	1916	.82	.44
NORTHWEST	.43	1985	7.81	1953	3.80	4.16
WEST	.28	1984	10.67	1916	2.58	2.62
NATIONAL	.92	1981	3.87	1916	2.07	2.86*

* PRELIMINARY VALUE, CONFIDENCE
INTERVAL + OR - .34 INCHES

REGION	TEMPERATURE (DEGREES F)					
	COLDEST		WARMEST		NORMAL	1999
	VALUE	YEAR	VALUE	YEAR	TEMP	TEMP
NORTHEAST	12.3	1918	33.8	1932	21.1	23.2
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	-1.3	1912	25.4	1990	13.0	14.2
CENTRAL	15.1	1977	40.0	1933	28.2	32.0
SOUTHEAST	35.0	1977	57.7	1950	44.1	49.3
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	.1	1937	26.6	1986	16.5	20.8
SOUTH	31.1	1940	50.7	1923	40.7	46.1
SOUTHWEST	20.8	1937	38.2	1986	31.2	36.1
NORTHWEST	13.4	1949	37.4	1953	28.5	32.8
WEST	24.4	1937	45.5	1986	38.4	41.1
NATIONAL	22.4	1979	37.1	1953	29.9	34.0*

* PRELIMINARY VALUE, CONFIDENCE
INTERVAL + OR - .3 DEG. F.

TABLE 3.

STATISTICS FOR SELECTED RIVER BASINS: PRECIPITATION RANKING FOR OCT-JAN 1998-99, WHERE RANK OF 1 = DRIEST, 104 = WETTEST, BASED ON THE PERIOD 1895 TO 1999, AREAL PERCENT OF THE BASIN EXPERIENCING SEVERE OR EXTREME LONG-TERM (PALMER) DROUGHT, AND AREAL PERCENT OF THE BASIN EXPERIENCING SEVERE OR EXTREME LONG-TERM (PALMER) WET CONDITIONS, AS OF JANUARY 1999. RIVER BASIN REGIONS AS DEFINED BY THE U.S. WATER RESOURCES COUNCIL.

RIVER BASIN -----	PRECIPITATION RANK -----	% AREA DRY -----	% AREA WET -----
MISSOURI BASIN	104	.0%	41.7%
PACIFIC NORTHWEST BASIN	90	.0%	28.0%
CALIFORNIA RIVER BASIN	46	.0%	48.8%
GREAT BASIN	45	.0%	74.4%
UPPER COLORADO BASIN	60	.0%	.0%
LOWER COLORADO BASIN	29	.0%	.0%
RIO GRANDE BASIN	65	.0%	3.9%
ARKANSAS-WHITE-RED BASIN	99	.0%	3.7%
TEXAS GULF COAST BASIN	92	19.4%	25.3%
SOURIS-RED-RAINY BASIN	104	.0%	48.1%
UPPER MISSISSIPPI BASIN	88	4.8%	6.8%
LOWER MISSISSIPPI BASIN	68	6.3%	3.6%
GREAT LAKES BASIN	39	36.0%	.0%
OHIO RIVER BASIN	60	.4%	.0%
TENNESSEE RIVER BASIN	77	.0%	.0%
NEW ENGLAND BASIN	59	.0%	7.7%
MID-ATLANTIC BASIN	34	26.1%	5.3%
SOUTH ATLANTIC-GULF BASIN	45	2.9%	.0%

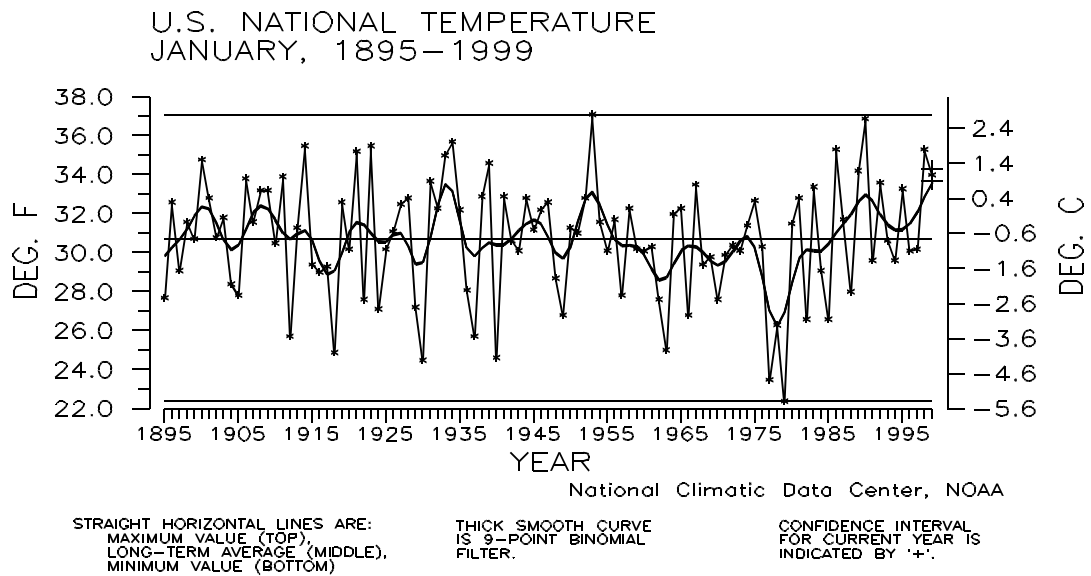


Figure 1: Preliminary data for January 1999 indicate that temperature averaged across the contiguous United States was above the long-term mean ranking as the 13th warmest January since 1895. Nearly 16% of the country was much warmer than normal while nearly zero percent of the country was much cooler than normal.

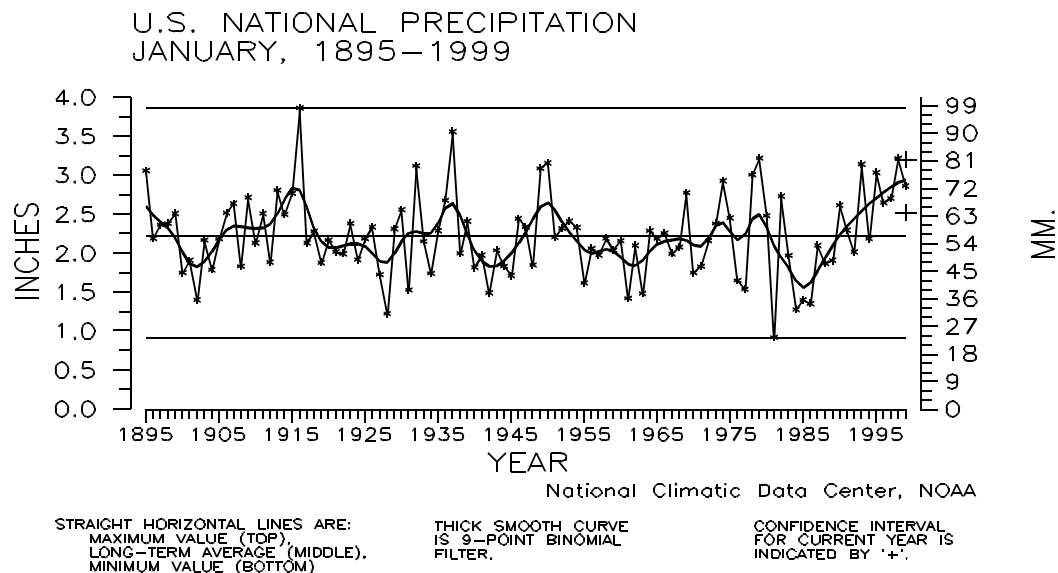


Figure 2: January 1999 was the 13th wettest such month since 1895. Nearly 18% of the country experienced much wetter than normal conditions while about six percent of the country was much drier than normal.

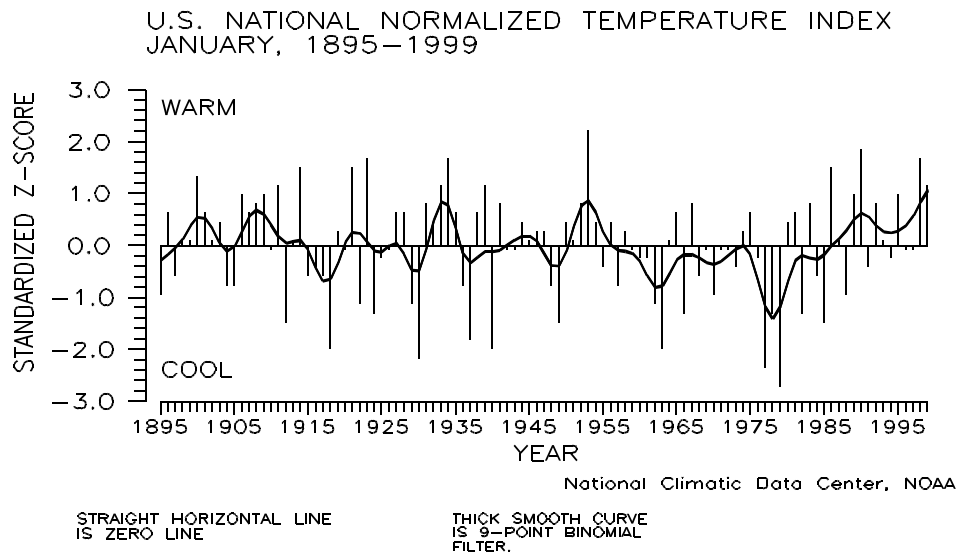


Figure 3: The preliminary national standardized temperature index ranked January 1999 as the 10th warmest such month on record.

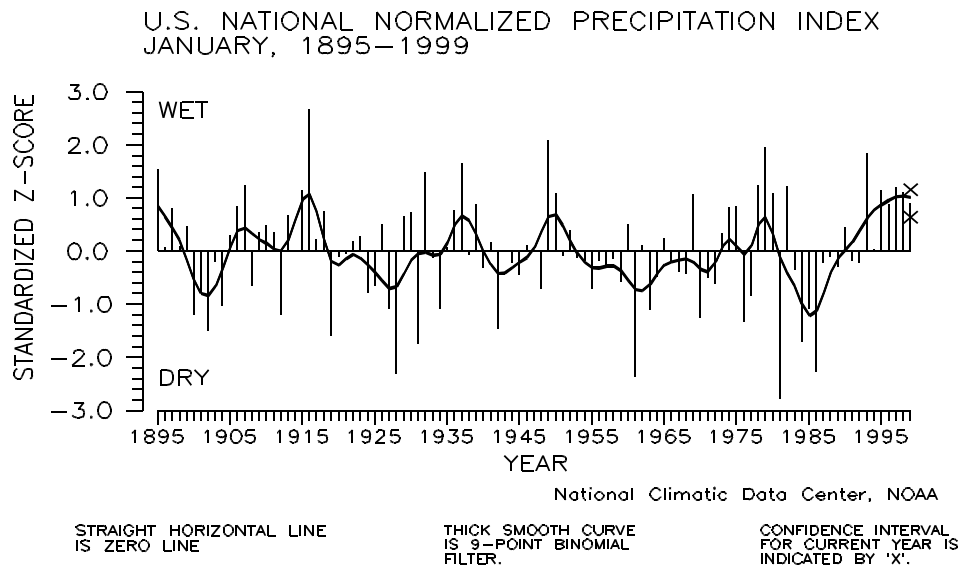


Figure 4: The preliminary national standardized precipitation index ranked January 1999 as the 18th wettest such month on record. This standardized z-score is estimated to be accurate to within 0.256 index units.

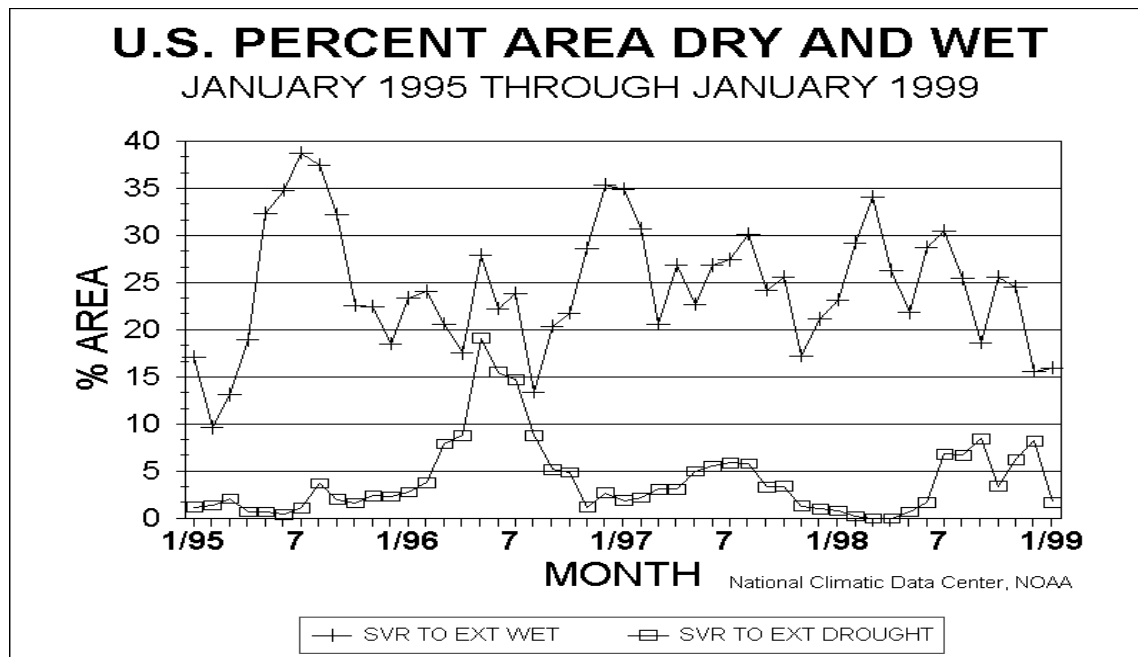


Figure 5: Long-term drought coverage (as measured by the Palmer Drought Index) showed a significant drop over December 1998, with January 1999 having about two percent of the country in severe to extreme drought. The percent area of the country experiencing severe to extreme wetness remained nearly unchanged at about 16%. The core dry areas included northern Florida, the mid-Atlantic States, and the Great Lakes. The core wet areas included portions of the Mississippi Valley, northern and central Great Plains, central Rockies, and Far West.

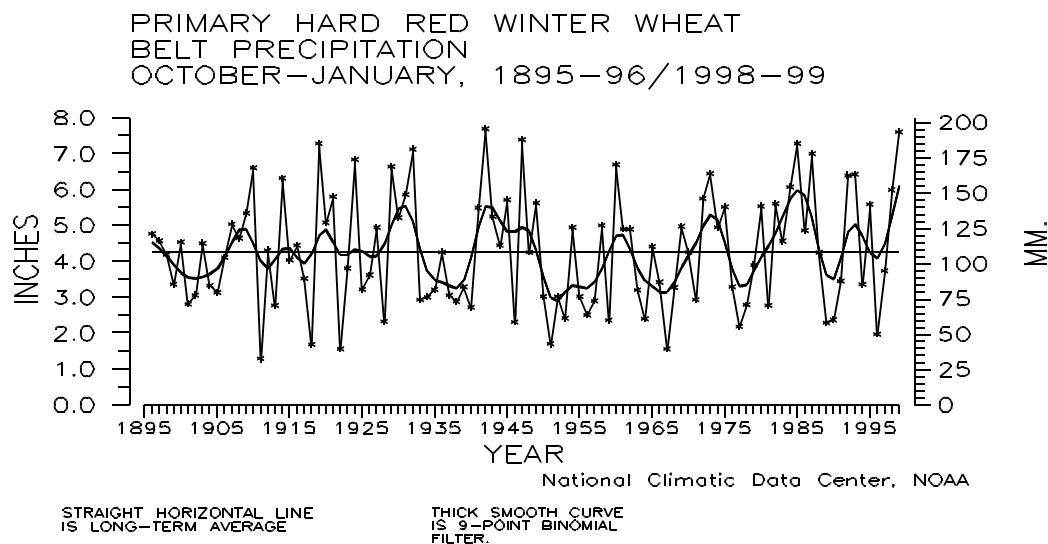


Figure 6: Preliminary data indicate that precipitation averaged across the Primary Hard Red Winter Wheat agricultural belt was much above the long-term mean for the four-month growing season to date and ranked as the second wettest such period since 1895-96. This area includes the panhandle of Texas, the western half of Oklahoma, all except extreme southeastern Kansas, northeastern Colorado, and southern and western Nebraska.

NORTHEAST REGION PRECIPITATION JANUARY, 1895–1999

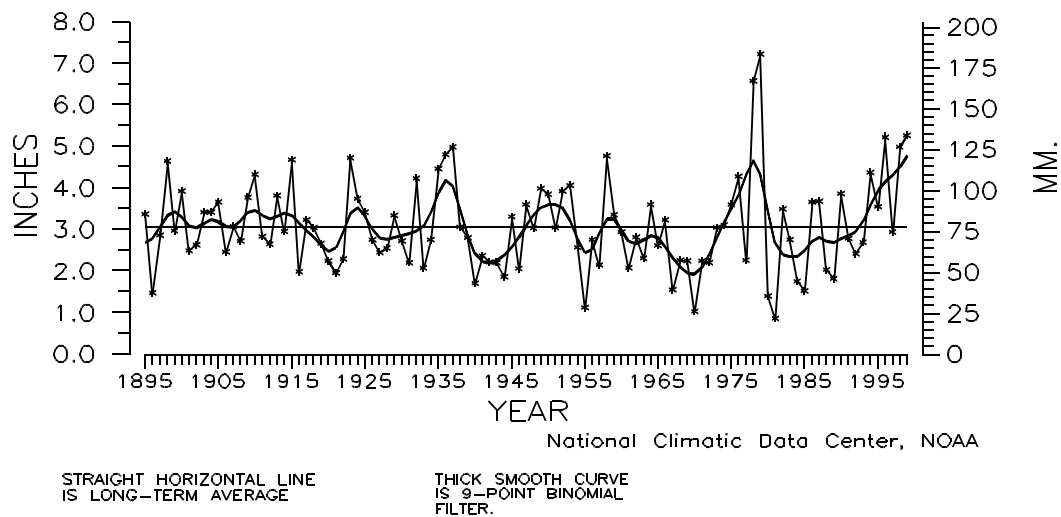


Figure 7: Preliminary data ranked January 1999 as the third wettest such period on record for the Northeast Region. The Northeast Region includes each state from Pennsylvania and Maryland, northeastward. Precipitation for five of the last six such months has been above the long-term mean

SOUTHWEST REGION PRECIPITATION JANUARY, 1895–1999

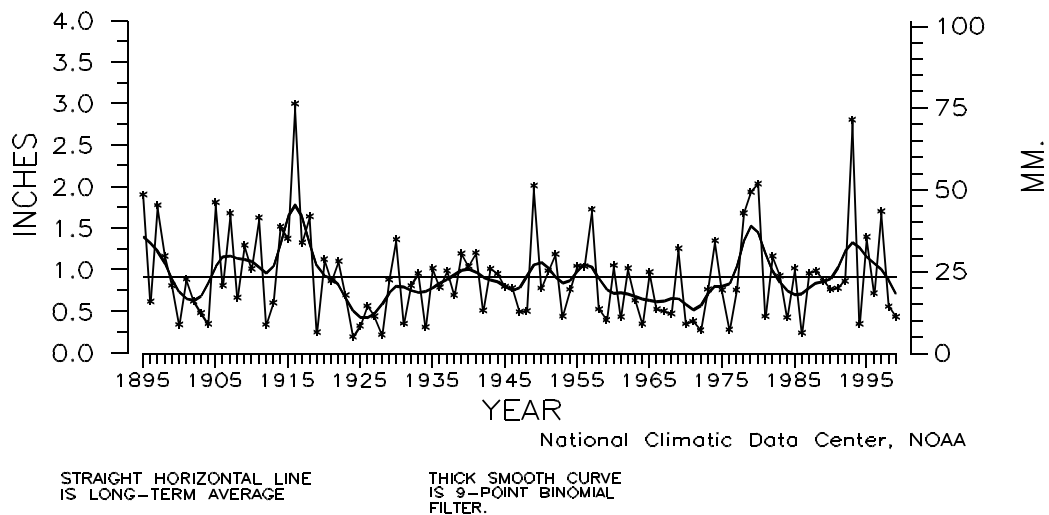


Figure 8: Preliminary data ranked January 1999 as the 19th driest such month on record for the Southwest Region. The Southwest Region includes Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah.

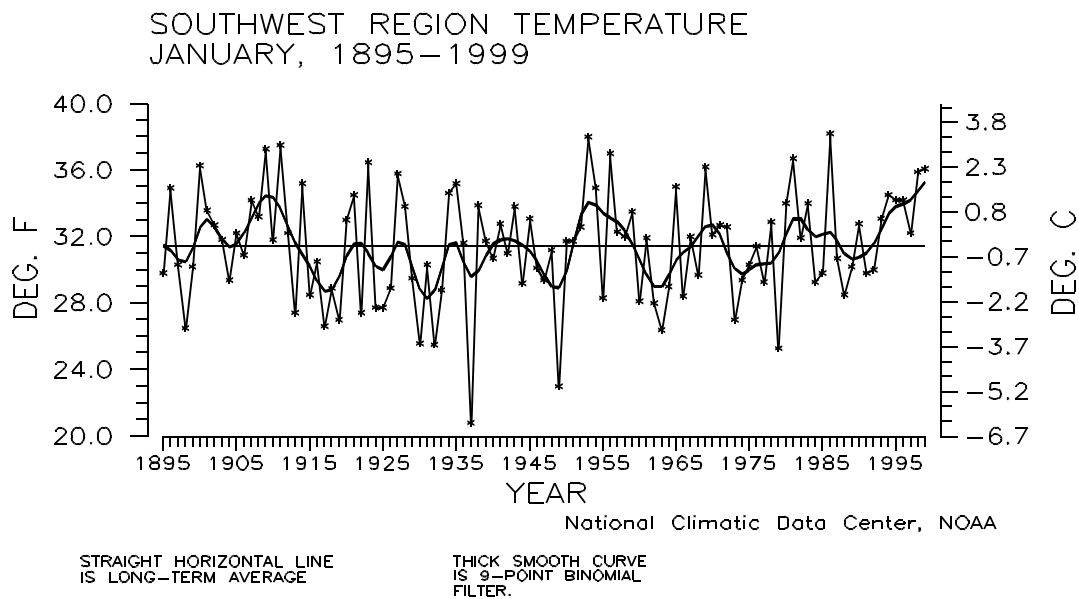


Figure 9: Preliminary data ranked January 1999 as the tenth warmest such period on record for the Southwest Region. The last seven such months have been above- to much above the long-term mean.

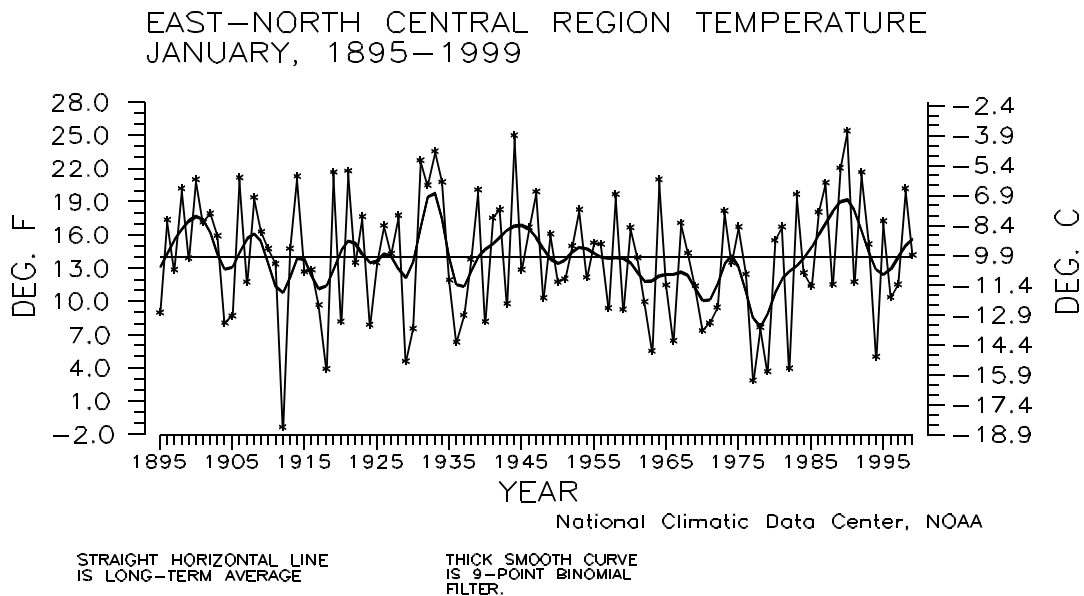
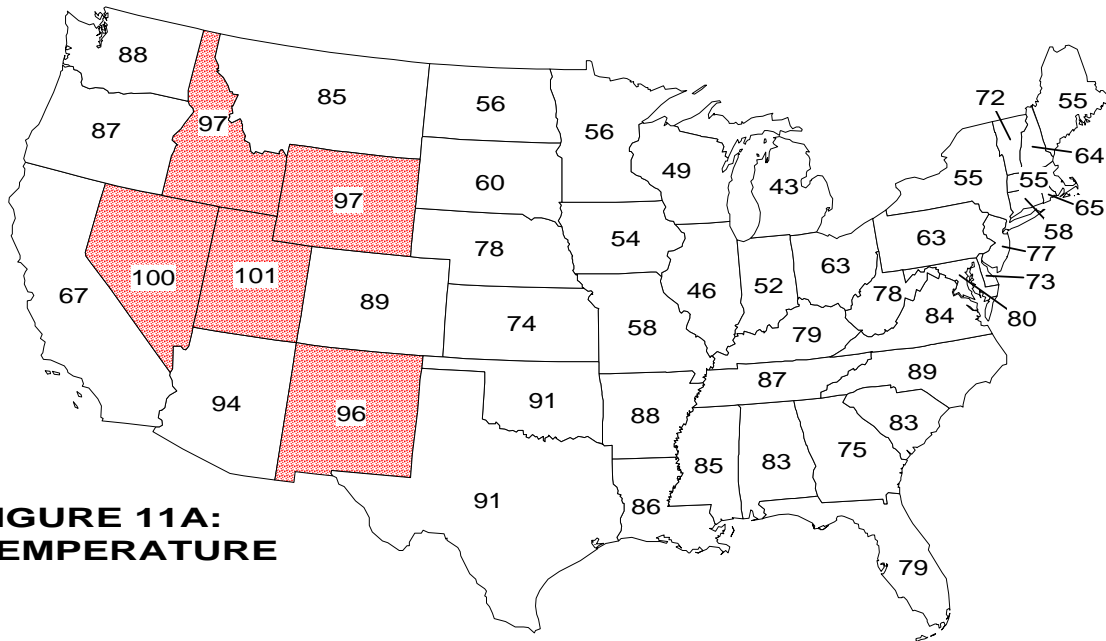
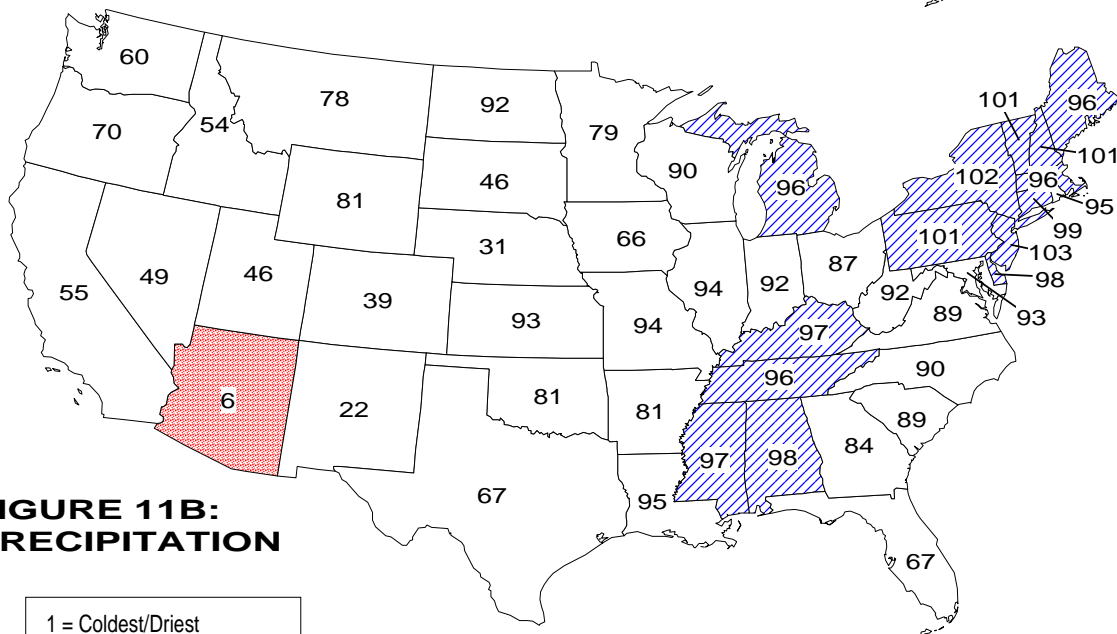


Figure 10: Preliminary data ranked January 1999 as the 52nd warmest such month on record for the East-North Central Region. The East-North Central Region includes Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin.

JANUARY 1999 STATEWIDE RANKS



**FIGURE 11A:
TEMPERATURE**



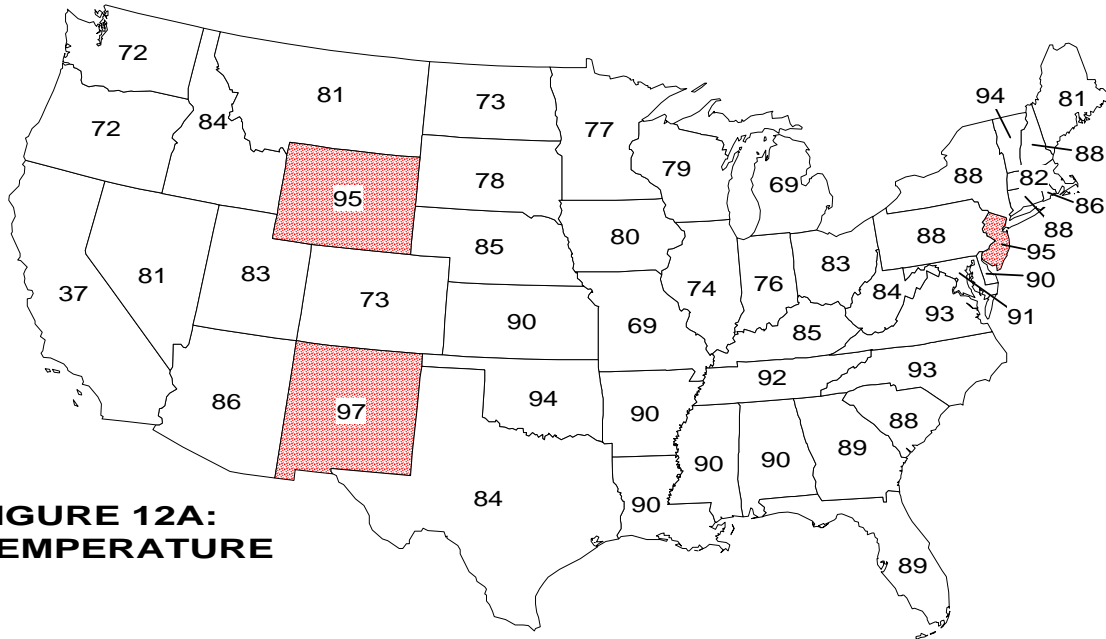
**FIGURE 11B:
PRECIPITATION**

1 = Coldest/Driest
105 = Warmest/Wettest

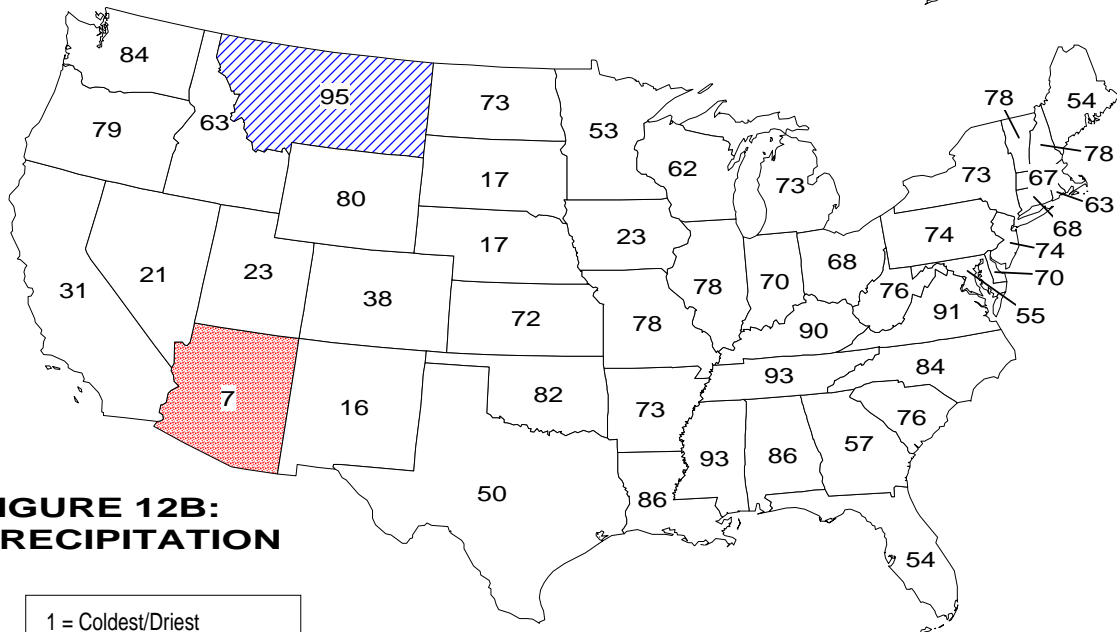
National Climatic Data Center, NOAA

Temperature and Precipitation Ranks for the contiguous United States. Each state is ranked based on its data from 1895-1999. States having a rank of top ten coldest or driest (rank 1-10) or top ten warmest or wettest (rank 96-105) are shaded.

DEC 1998 - JAN 1999 STATEWIDE RANKS



**FIGURE 12A:
TEMPERATURE**



**FIGURE 12B:
PRECIPITATION**

1 = Coldest/Driest
104 = Warmest/Wettest

National Climatic Data Center, NOAA

Temperature and Precipitation Ranks for the contiguous United States. Each state is ranked based on its data from 1895-1999. States having a rank of top ten coldest or driest (rank 1-10) or top ten warmest or wettest (rank 95-104) are shaded.

Figure 11A shows, in illustrative map form, the January 1999 temperature rankings for the 48 contiguous states. Five states were within the top ten warm portion of the historical distribution including the fifth warmest January on record for Utah and the sixth warmest January since 1895 for Nevada. An additional 30 states ranked within the top ten warm portion of the historical distribution. No state ranked within the cool-third of the distribution.

January 1999 state ranks for precipitation are shown in **Figure 11B**. Fourteen states ranked within the top ten wet portion of the distribution while 20 others ranked within the wet third portion of the distribution. One state also ranked within the top ten dry portion of the historical distribution while two others ranked within the dry third. ***It should be noted that these January state precipitation ranks are preliminary and should be used with considerable caution due to the high variability of precipitation on a small space and time scale.***

Temperature and precipitation ranks for the two-month period, December 1998-January 1999, are shown in **Figures 12A and 12B**. Every state except three (of the contiguous 48 States) ranked within the warm-third of the historical distribution including three states which ranked within the top ten warm portion. The two-month period was the eighth warmest December-January period on record for New Mexico and the tenth warmest such two-month period since 1895 for New Jersey and Wyoming. No state was within the cool-third portion of the distribution. Only one state (Montana) had their tenth wettest or wetter such December-January period while 26 others ranked within the wet third. Only one state (AZ) ranked within the top ten dry portion of the historical distribution while seven others ranked within the dry-third portion of the distribution for the two-month period.

It should be emphasized that all of the temperature and precipitation ranks on these maps and in Table 1 are based on preliminary data. The ranks will change when the final data are processed.

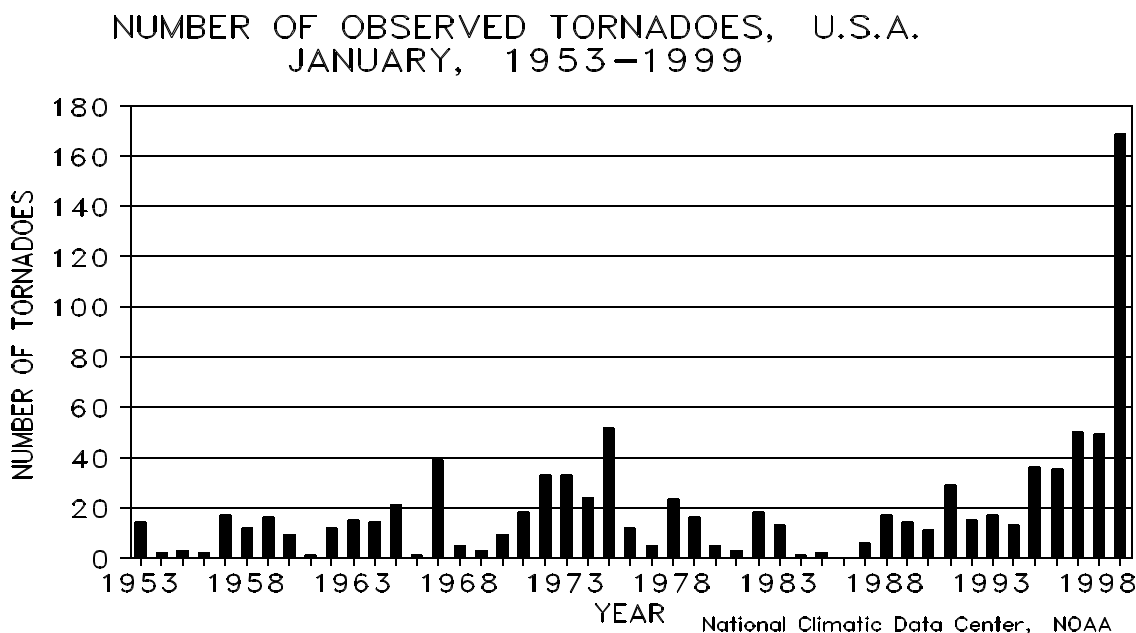


Figure 13: The preliminary count of 169 tornadoes for January 1999 set a U.S. January tornado record. The January 1999 value was ten times the 1953-1999 average January tornado count of 16 and three times the previous January record of 52 tornadoes which was set back in 1975.